



KA-3021CGSK 3.0 x 2.0 mm Surface Mount LED Lamp

DESCRIPTIONS

- The Green source color devices are made with AlGaInP on GaAs substrate Light Emitting Diode
- Electrostatic discharge and power surge could damage the LEDs
- It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LEDs
- All devices, equipments and machineries must be electrically grounded

FEATURES

- 3.0 mm x 2.0 mm, 1.3 mm high, only minimum space required
- Suitable for compact optoelectronic applications
- Low power consumption
- Package: 2000 pcs / reel
- Moisture sensitivity level: 3
- RoHS compliant

APPLICATIONS

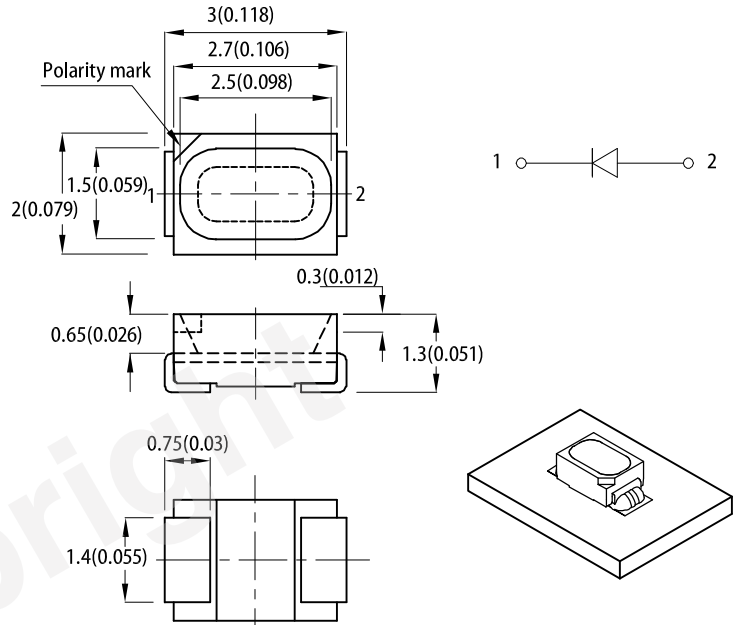
- Backlight
- Status indicator
- Home and smart appliances
- Wearable and portable devices
- Healthcare applications

ATTENTION

Observe precautions for handling electrostatic discharge sensitive devices

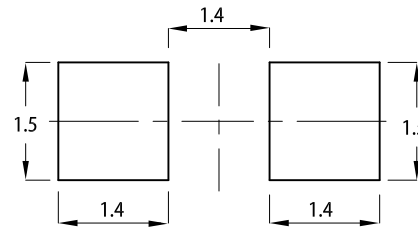


PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



RECOMMENDED SOLDERING PATTERN

(units : mm; tolerance : ± 0.1)



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
2. Tolerance is ±0.2(0.008") unless otherwise noted.
3. The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice.
4. The device has a single mounting surface. The device must be mounted according to the specifications.

SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Emitting Color (Material)	Lens Type	Iv (mcd) @ 20mA ^[2]		Viewing Angle ^[1]
			Min.	Typ.	2θ1/2
KA-3021CGSK	■ Green (AlGaInP)	Water Clear	40	80	120°

Notes:
 1. θ1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
 2. Luminous intensity / luminous flux: +/-15%.
 3. Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

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专营: Kingbright (今台) 全系列LED灯珠

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ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Emitting Color	Value		Unit
			Typ.	Max.	
Wavelength at Peak Emission $I_F = 20\text{mA}$	λ_{peak}	Green	574	-	nm
Dominant Wavelength $I_F = 20\text{mA}$	$\lambda_{\text{dom}}^{[1]}$	Green	570	-	nm
Spectral Bandwidth at 50% Φ REL MAX $I_F = 20\text{mA}$	$\Delta\lambda$	Green	20	-	nm
Capacitance	C	Green	15	-	pF
Forward Voltage $I_F = 20\text{mA}$	$V_F^{[2]}$	Green	2.1	2.5	V
Reverse Current ($V_R = 5\text{V}$)	I_R	Green	-	10	μA
Temperature Coefficient of λ_{peak} $I_F = 20\text{mA}, -10^\circ\text{C} \leq T \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$	$\text{TC}_{\lambda_{\text{peak}}}$	Green	0.12	-	$\text{nm}/^\circ\text{C}$
Temperature Coefficient of λ_{dom} $I_F = 20\text{mA}, -10^\circ\text{C} \leq T \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$	$\text{TC}_{\lambda_{\text{dom}}}$	Green	0.08	-	$\text{nm}/^\circ\text{C}$
Temperature Coefficient of V_F $I_F = 20\text{mA}, -10^\circ\text{C} \leq T \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$	TC_V	Green	-1.8	-	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$

Notes:

- The dominant wavelength (λ_d) above is the setup value of the sorting machine. (Tolerance $\lambda_d : \pm 1\text{nm}$.)
- Forward voltage: $\pm 0.1\text{V}$.
- Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.
- Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$

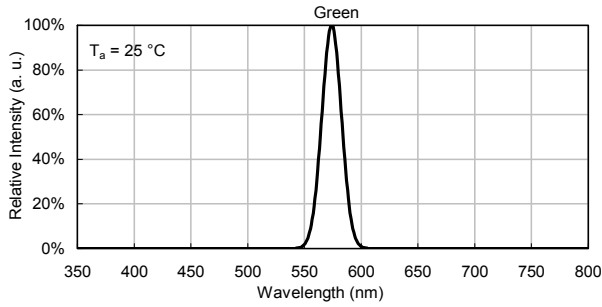
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Dissipation	P_D	75	mW
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V
Junction Temperature	T_j	115	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Temperature	T_{op}	-40 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 to +85	$^\circ\text{C}$
DC Forward Current	I_F	30	mA
Peak Forward Current	$I_{\text{FM}}^{[1]}$	150	mA
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)	-	3000	V
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Ambient)	$R_{\text{th JA}}^{[2]}$	390	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal Resistance (Junction / Solder point)	$R_{\text{th JS}}^{[2]}$	260	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

Notes:

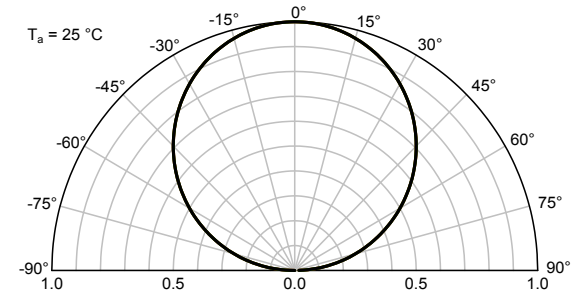
- 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width.
- $R_{\text{th JA}}, R_{\text{th JS}}$ Results from mounting on PC board FR4 (pad size $\geq 16\text{mm}^2$ per pad).
- Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

TECHNICAL DATA

RELATIVE INTENSITY vs. WAVELENGTH

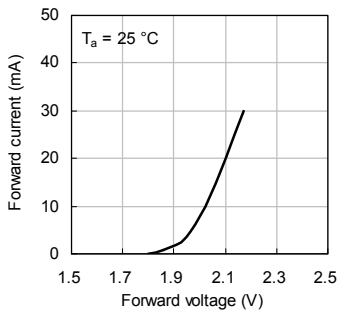


SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

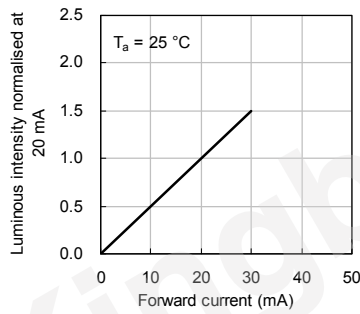


GREEN

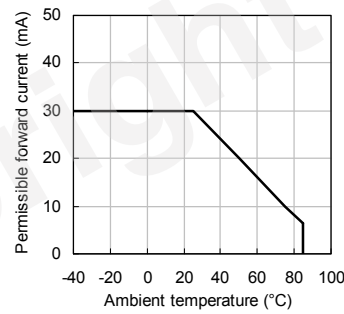
Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage



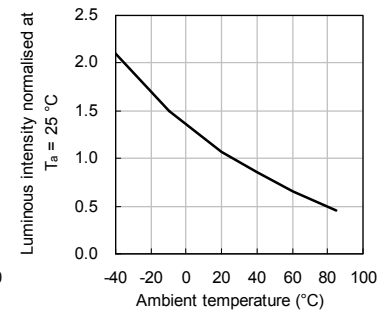
Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current



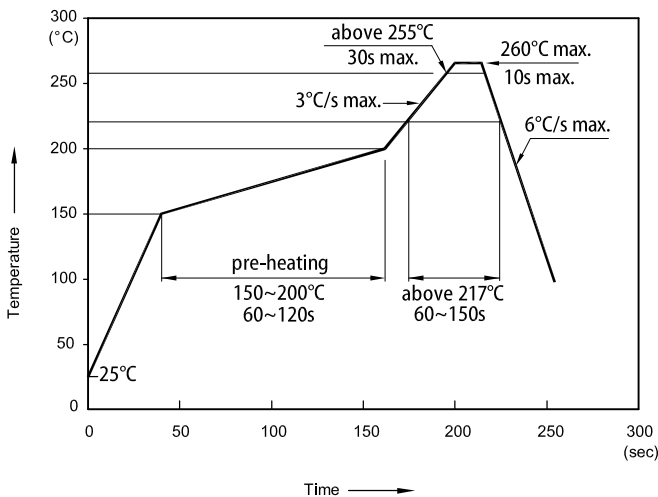
Forward Current Derating Curve



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature

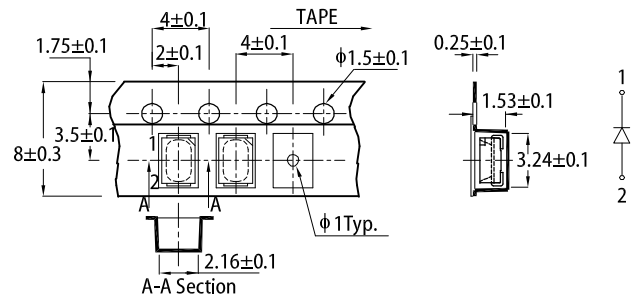


REFLOW SOLDERING PROFILE for LEAD-FREE SMD PROCESS

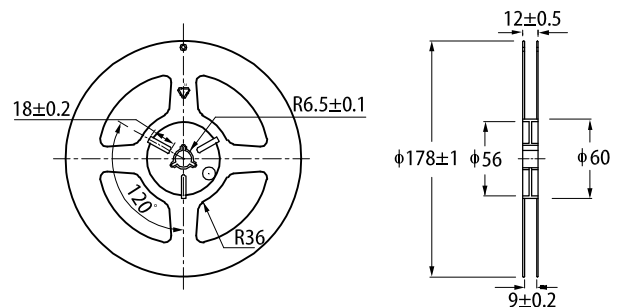


- Notes:
1. Don't cause stress to the LEDs while it is exposed to high temperature.
 2. The maximum number of reflow soldering passes is 2 times.
 3. Reflow soldering is recommended. Other soldering methods are not recommended as they might cause damage to the product.

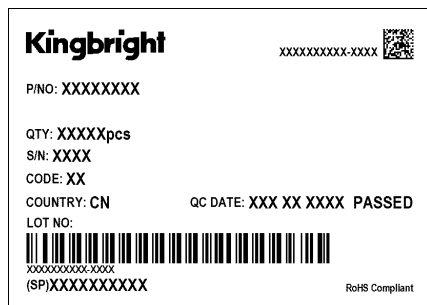
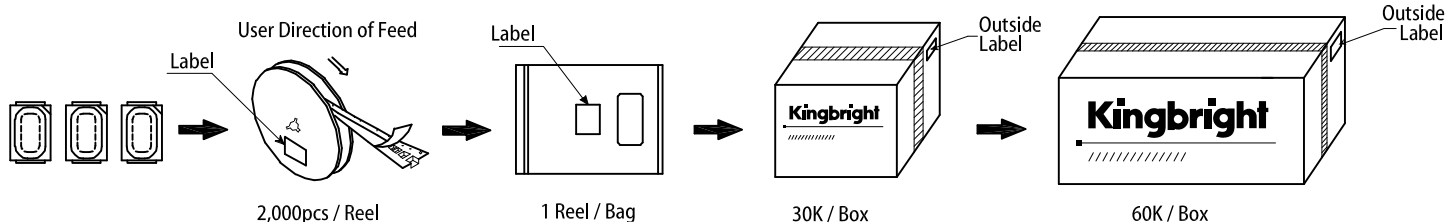
TAPE SPECIFICATIONS (units : mm)



REEL DIMENSION (units : mm)



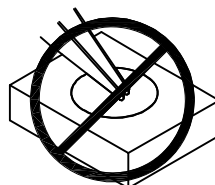
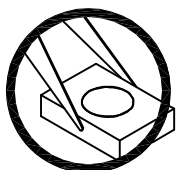
PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS



HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more susceptible to damage by external mechanical force. As a result, special handling precautions need to be observed during assembly using silicone encapsulated LED products. Failure to comply might lead to damage and premature failure of the LED.

1. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using forceps or appropriate tools.
2. Do not directly touch or handle the silicone lens surface. It may damage the internal circuitry.
3. Do not stack together assembled PCBs containing exposed LEDs. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry.



- 4-1. The inner diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks.
- 4-2. A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup.
- 4-3. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production.
5. As silicone encapsulation is permeable to gases, some corrosive substances such as H₂S might corrode silver plating of leadframe. Special care should be taken if an LED with silicone encapsulation is to be used near such substances.



PRECAUTIONARY NOTES

1. The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.
2. The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications.
3. When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If customer usage exceeds the specified limits, Kingbright will not be responsible for any subsequent issues.
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